Town of Wellington, Colorado

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2018



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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Board of Trustees Town of Wellington, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wellington, Colorado (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Wellington, Colorado as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 15 and the budgetary comparison information on pages 47 and 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information on pages 49 through 53 and the Local Highway Finance Report on pages 54 and 55 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information and Local Highway Finance Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Greeley, Colorado

August 13, 2019

ACM LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

As management of the Town of Wellington, we offer readers of the Town of Wellington's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Wellington for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in the Basic Financial Statements, Notes to the Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Town of Wellington exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of 2018 by \$88,593,457. Of this amount, \$34,909,242 may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's total net position increased by \$4,484,378 from the prior year. Net investment in Capital assets increased by \$17,051. Non-capital assets increased by \$3,627,838.
- At the end of calendar year 2018, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,734,573, an increase of \$785,956 or 19.90% from the prior year. This amount is 161% of total general fund expenditures of \$2,945,294.
- The Town retired \$718,240 of its debt (11.22% percent of the outstanding debt at January 1, 2018) excluding compensatory absences computations during the fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease was the semi-annual and annual principal payments made on the Town's outstanding debts shown in Footnote 6, pages 41 and 42 of this report. The Town did *not* increase outstanding debt during 2018, excluding compensatory absences.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Wellington's basic financial statements. The Town of Wellington's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information that supports the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Wellington's finances. These statements are prepared in a manner similar to a private-sector business using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all the Town of Wellington's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the categories reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Wellington is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing how the Town of Wellington's *net position* changed during the fiscal year. All changes in *net position* are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Wellington that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business type activities). The governmental activities of the Town of Wellington include general government, public safety, public works, community development, culture, parks, and recreation. The business-type activities of the Town of Wellington include water, sewer and storm drainage operations.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Wellington, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the Town of Wellington can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending. The funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view to cash, the governmental fund operations and the basic services it provides. These statements help one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are described in reconciliations on pages 20 and 22.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 to 22 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Wellington currently maintains one type of proprietary fund, called enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Wellington uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer, water and storm drainage operations.

Business-type activities are reported providing the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The business-type financial statements provide separate information for sewer, water and storm drainage operations, which are major enterprise funds of the Town of Wellington.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements detailing the business-type activities can be found on pages 23 to 25 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town of Wellington's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Additional information on the Town's Fiduciary Fund (Library Trust Fund) can be found on pages 26 and 27 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide significant additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 to 46 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required and certain other supplementary information concerning the Town of Wellington's budget comparison statements for the General Fund, non-major Conservation Trust Fund and the Town's three major enterprise funds: Water, Sewer and Storm Drainage. The other supplementary information can be found on pages 47 to 53 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Wellington, net position exceeded liabilities by \$88,593,457 at the close of 2018.

By far the largest portion of the Town of Wellington's net position (65.11%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding and accumulated depreciation. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from *other sources*, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Unrestricted net position may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Below is condensed financial information for fiscal year 2018 compared with 2017 totals.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

			•	
		Business-		
	<u>Governmental</u>	Type		
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Totals</u>	<u> 2017 Totals</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets	\$10,348,853	\$28,701,735	\$39,050,588	\$35,422,750
Capital assets	22,632,934	35,072,279	57,705,213	<u>57,688,162</u>
Total assets	32,981,787	63,774,014	96,755,801	93,110,912
<u>LIABILITIES</u>				
Current liabilities	874,647	1,158,344	2,032,991	1,367,655
Long-term liabilities	1,506,803	3,417,967	4,924,770	6,479,972
Total liabilities	2,381,450	4,576,311	6,957,761	7,847,627
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF</u> <u>RESOURCES</u> Unearned revenue - property taxes	1,113,035	91,548	1,204,583	<u>1,154,206</u>
NET POSITION	 			
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	20,894,903	31,127,266	52,022,169	51,286,878
Restricted for:				
Emergencies	196,870	-	196,870	197,790
Other purposes	559,442	905,734	1,465,176	1,232,798
Unrestricted	<u>7,836,087</u>	<u>27,073,155</u>	34,909,242	<u>31,391,613</u>

<u>Total net position</u> <u>\$29,487,302</u> <u>\$59,106,155</u> <u>\$88,593,457</u> <u>\$84,109,079</u> *Exclusive of capital assets*, the restricted portion (\$1,662,046) of net position (1.88 percent), represents

Town of Wellington Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (\$34,909,242) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following focuses on changes in net position of the Town's governmental and business-type activities.

Condensed Statement of Activities 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>Totals</u>	<u> 2017 Totals</u>
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$826,623	\$3,870,595	\$4,697,218	\$4,671,447
Operating grants and contributions	84,148	-	84,148	75,430
Capital grants and contributions		3,736,017	3,736,017	5,121,171
General revenues				
Property taxes	1,056,966	86,937	1,143,903	970,909
Open space taxes	253,344	-	253,344	238,479
Sales and use taxes	2,126,186	-	2,126,186	2,037,311
Franchise fees	190,097	^ -	190,097	174,669
Highway users tax	318,048	-	318,048	242,535
Other taxes	1,045,970	-	1,045,970	1,012,306
Impact fees	648,198	196,503	844,701	958,757
Grants, undesignated	5,162	_	5,162	5,979
Earnings on investments	81,434	388,869	470,303	208,002
Other	10,813	20,529	31,342	16,290
Transfers	-	-	-	14,875

Total revenues & transfers \$8,299,450 \$6,646,989 \$14,946,439 \$15,748,160

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

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Storm drainage	-	627,767	627,767	637,493
Sewer	-	1,367,832	1,367,832	1,320,394
Water	-	3,053,477	3,053,447	2,774,957
Interest on long-term debt	39,249	-	39,249	48,079
Small equipment	106,517	-	106,517	58,774
Library	180,121	=	180,121	169,547
Economic development	80,575	-	- 80,575	91,027
Parks and recreation	912,192	-	912,192	1,017,089
Public works	1,598,380	-	1,598,380	1,823,348
Public safety	1,776,870	-	1,776,870	1,547,528
General government	719,111	-	719,111	871,272

Total expenses	5,413,015	5,049,046	10,462,061	10,359,508
Change in net position	1,233,974	3,250,404	4,484,378	5,388,652
Net position at beginning of year	28,253,328	55,855,751	84,109,079	78,720,427

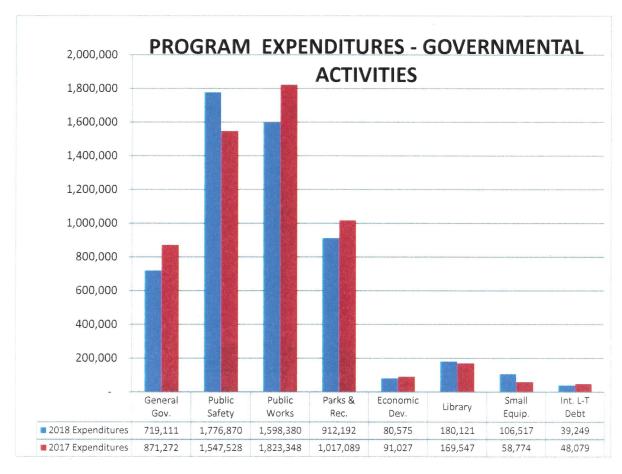
Net position at end of year	\$29,487,302	\$59,106,155	\$88,593,457	\$84,109,079
Net position at end of year	347.407.304	337,100,133	300,373,43/	304.107.0/7

A portion of the "Net position at end of year" net position shown in the above Condensed Statement of Activities is restricted for specific purposes. The restrictions represent legal or contractual limitations on how the assets may be expensed. Within the governmental activities category, restrictions are placed for streets and park improvements, TABOR emergency reserve and other purposes. The business-type activities restrictions were related to the operation and maintenance reserve required by loan agreements.

Town of Wellington
Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

Expenditures for the governmental activities are displayed below.

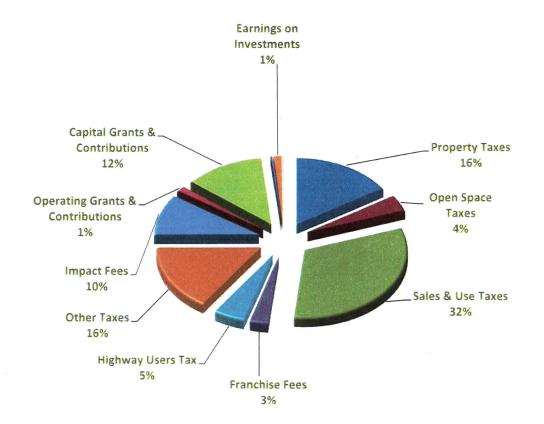


Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

The following chart displays revenues categorized by source for the governmental activities. The sources of revenue included in "Other Taxes" consists of the following: Severance Tax (\$30,258, General Fund), Sales Tax received by governmental funds other than the General Fund (\$522,965, Park Fund), Use Tax on Building Materials received by governmental funds other than the General Fund (\$203,415), Motor Vehicle Specific Ownership Tax (\$76,304, Street Fund), Road and Bridge Tax (\$38,619, Street Fund), and other miscellaneous revenues of \$133,801 for total governmental activities revenues of \$6,657,802.

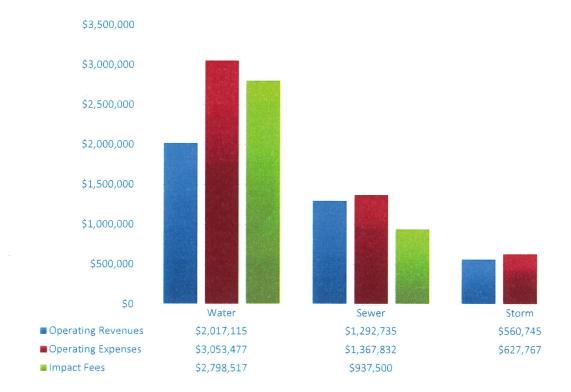
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

The following chart displays revenues and expenses of the Business-type Activities.

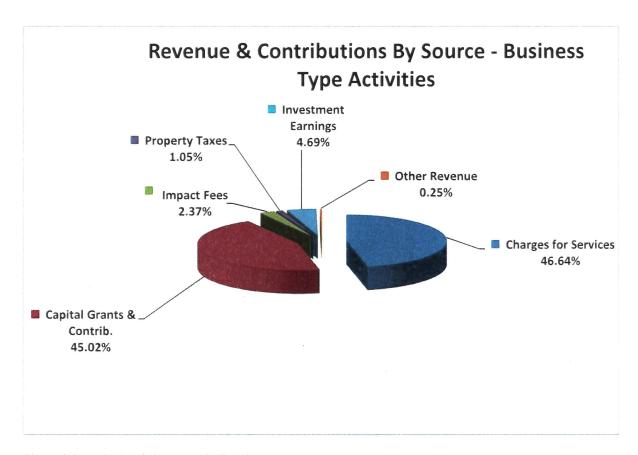


Operating and interest expenses were less than operating revenues in all the business-type activities. However, each business activity fund includes a significant non-cash expense. The operating expenses include depreciation. Depreciation is an estimate of the deterioration of fixed assets. There was no actual cash expenditure involved in "depreciation expense". Non-cash depreciation was \$657,642, \$454,674 and \$111,021 in the Water, Sewer and Storm Drainage Funds respectively. After deducting the non-cash depreciation in the Water Fund, operating expenses exceeded operating revenues by \$392,720.

The following chart presents the revenues and contributions by source for the business-type activities (enterprise funds). The largest source of revenue is entitled "Capital Grants & Contributions" (49.64%). This category consists of Raw Water Fees, Tap Fees and Infrastructure Dedications in the Water and Sewer Funds in the amount of \$3,932,520. The total amount of Capital Grants & Contributions in 2017 was \$4,654,102.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018



Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Wellington uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Wellington's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Wellington's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Wellington's governmental funds (General, Street, Park and Conservation Trust Funds) reported combined ending fund balances of \$8,688,583, an increase of \$1,490,277. Approximately 54.49% of this total amount (\$4,734,573) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is otherwise classified to indicate that it is not available for new spending because the asset itself is in a non-spendable form (e.g. inventories) or that portions of fund balance have been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes as follows:

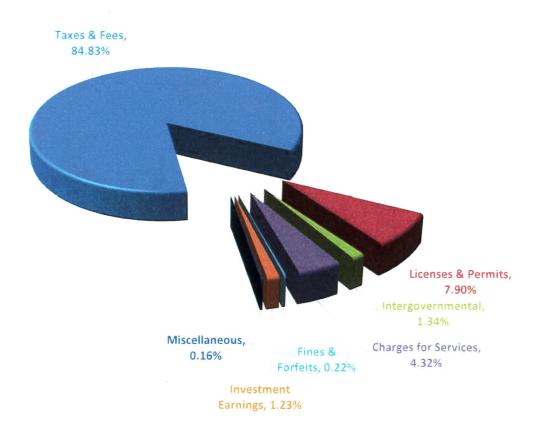
Nonspendable:	\$20,571
Restricted:	756,312
Committed:	54,656
Assigned:	3,122,471
Unassigned:	4,734,573
TOTAL:	\$8,688,583

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund accounts for all the general services provided by the Town of Wellington. At the end of 2018, the fund balance of the General Fund totaled \$5,006,670, an increase of \$575,904, or 13.00%, over the fund balance at the end of 2017, \$4,430,766.



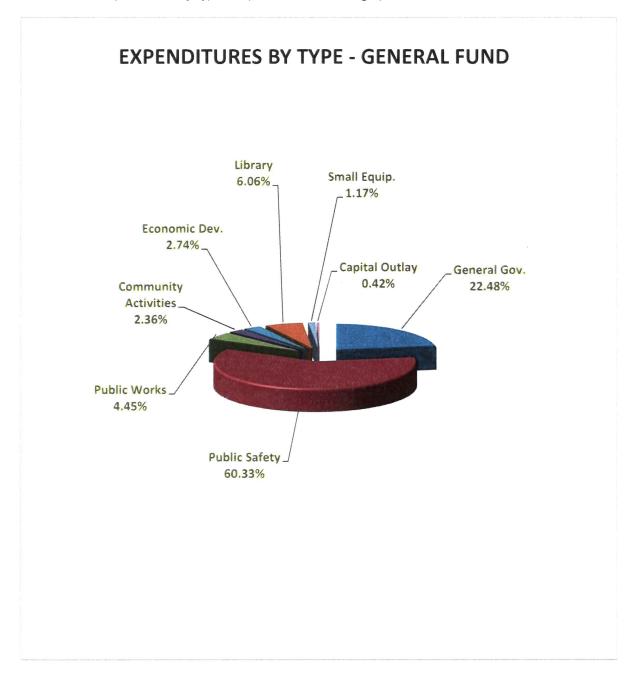
The General Fund's primary source of revenue is taxes and to a lesser degree, fees. The General Fund receives nearly all the property taxes, and most of the sales and use taxes.

General Fund expenditures include all administrative functions of the Town, comprised of the Town Council, Town Administrator, Town Attorney, Finance Director, and all other administrative support staff. The primary General Fund expenditure is Public Safety at 60.33% of the total expended. Public Safety includes amounts paid to Larimer County Sheriff's Office, (\$1,350,219), amounts paid to SafeBuilt for building inspections, \$349,197, and amounts expended for the Town's Code Enforcement program, \$57,864. The total of all Public Safety was \$1,776,870 in 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

General Fund expenditures by type are presented below in graphical form.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The Town of Wellington's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2018 amounts to \$52,022,169 (net of accumulated depreciation and debt). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. At December 31, 2017, the net investment in capital assets was \$57,688,162 (net of accumulated depreciation and debt). Net investment in capital assets decreased 2.94 % from 2017 to 2018.

Town of Wellington's Capital Assets at Year End (net of depreciation) compared to 2017

	Governme	Governmental Business-Type					
	Activi	Activities		ities	<u>TOTAL</u>		
	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	2017	
Land:	\$1,351,018	\$1,351,018	\$119,233	\$119,233	\$1,470,251	\$1,470,251	
Water Rights:	160,380	160,380		-	160,380	160,380	
Water Delivery Rights:		-	733,346	423,746	733,346	423,746	
Buildings & Improvements:	250,735	264,334	-	-	250,735	264,334	
Improvements Other Than							
Buildings:	9,128,196	9,134,995	-	-	9,128,196	9,134,995	
Streets &							
Improvements:	11,340,440	11,761,785	-	-	11,340,440	11,761,785	
Machinery &							
Equipment:	254,331	267,449	-	-	254,331	267,449	
Utility Systems &							
Equipment:	-	-	32,506,043	33,635,324	32,506,043	33,635,324	
Construction in				-			
Progress:	147,834	142,883	1,713,657	427,015	1,861,491	569,898	

TOTAL \$22,632,934 \$23,082,844 \$35,072,279 \$34,605,318 \$57,705,213 \$57,688,162

Additional information on the Town of Wellington's capital assets can be found in footnote 5 on pages 39 and 40 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2018

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Long-Term Debt. At the end of 2018, the Town of Wellington had total debt outstanding of \$3,946,233. Of this amount, \$383,397 comprises general obligation debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town (i.e., the Town's property taxing authority). The FNB Wellington Community Park Fund Loan was approved by the Town's voters and is a special obligation payable out of the available funds and revenues of the Park Fund. The remainder of the Town of Wellington's debt represents bonds and loans secured solely by specified revenue sources (Water & Sewer Fund revenues - i.e., Charges for Services).

Town of Wellington's Outstanding Debt at Year End							
	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type			
	Activ	rities	Activ	rities	TOTAL		
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	
FNB WCP Loan (Park Fund):	\$1,738,031	\$1,945,389	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,738,031	\$1,945,389	
1984 General Obligation Bonds (Water Fund):	-	-	127,000	149,000	127,000	149,000	
1982 CWCB General Obligation Bonds (Water Fund):	-	-	256,397	301,915	256,397	301,915	
2001 CWR&PDA Loan (Water Fund):	-	-	237,828	299,940	237,828	299,940	
2002 CWR&PDA Loan (Sewer Fund):	-	-	1,235,008	1,511,260	1,235,008	1,511,260	
2014 Bond Issue - WWTP Expansion (Sewer Fund):			2,090,000	2,195,000	2,090,000	2,195,000	
TOTAL	\$1,738,031	\$1,945,389	\$3,946,233	\$4,457,115	\$5,684,264	\$6,402,504	

This outstanding debt does not include compensated absences of \$92,838 at the end of 2018.

Additional information on the Town of Wellington's long-term debt can be found in footnote 6 on pages 41-42.

Contacting the Town's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Wellington's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Pete Brandjord, Town of Wellington Finance Director, brandjpa@wellingtoncolorado.gov, PO Box 127, 3735 Cleveland Ave., Wellington, Colorado 80549.

Basic Financial Statements

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Town of Wellington Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2018

	Governmental	Business-Type	~ , ,
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,335,878	\$ -	\$ 7,335,878
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	841,655	27,703,330	28,544,985
Investments	259,442	-	259,442
Receivables	1,471,307	444,685	1,915,992
Internal balances	420,000	(420,000)	-
Inventory		67,986	67,986
Prepaid items	20,571		20,571
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	905,734	905,734
Capital assets:	4 (=0.000		
Nondepreciable	1,659,232	2,566,236	4,225,468
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	20,973,702	32,506,043	53,479,745
Total assets	32,981,787	63,774,014	96,755,801
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	519,190	601,783	1,120,973
Accrued interest payable	3,346		3,346
Accrued wages payable	28,045	29,515	57,560
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences	92,838	-	92,838
Due within one year	231,228	527,046	758,274
Due in more than one year	1,506,803	3,417,967	4,924,770
Total liabilities	2,381,450	4,576,311	6,957,761
Deferred inflows of resources			
Unearned revenue - property taxes	1,113,035	91,548	1,204,583
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,113,035	91,548	1,204,583
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	20,894,903	31,127,266	52,022,169
Restricted for:	, ,	/ /	,,.07
Emergencies	196,870	_	196,870
Parks and recreation	559,442	-	559,442
Rate stabilization and maintenance	· -	905,734	905,734
Unrestricted	7,836,087	27,073,155	34,909,242
Total net position	\$ 29,487,302	\$ 59,106,155	\$ 88,593,457

Town of Wellington Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Program Revenues					
						Operating		Capital
			C	Charges for	Gr	ants and	Grants and	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Co	ntributions
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	719,111	\$	190,556	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		1,776,870		525,215		-		-
Public works		1,598,380		14,580		-		-
Parks and recreation		912,192		96,272		84,148		-
Economic development		80,575		-		-		-
Library		180,121		-		-		-
Small equipment		106,517		-		-		, -
Interest on long-term debt		39,249		_	***************************************	_		_
Total governmental activities		5,413,015		826,623		84,148		-
Business-type activities:								
Water		3,053,447		2,017,115		-		2,798,517
Sewer		1,367,832		1,292,735		-		937,500
Storm drainage		627,767		560,745		<u>.</u>		-
Total business-type activities		5,049,046		3,870,595		-		3,736,017
Total primary government	\$	10,462,061	\$	4,697,218	\$	84,148	\$	3,736,017

Taxes:

Property taxes levied for general purposes

Property taxes levied for debt service

Open space tax

Sales and use tax

Franchise fees

Highway users tax

Other taxes

Impact fees

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Earnings on investments

Other revenues

Total general revenues

Changes in net position

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (528,555) (1,251,655) (1,583,800) (731,772) (80,575) (180,121) (106,517)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (528,555) (1,251,655) (1,583,800) (731,772) (80,575) (180,121) (106,517)
(39,249)	_	(39,249) (4,502,244)
(7,302,244)	-	(4,302,244)
- - -	1,762,185 862,403 (67,022)	1,762,185 862,403 (67,022)
-	2,557,566	2,557,566
(4,502,244)	2,557,566	(1,944,678)
1,056,966	- 94 027	1,056,966
253,344	86,937	86,937 253,344
2,126,186	-	2,126,186
190,097	-	190,097
318,048	-	318,048
1,045,970	-	1,045,970
648,198	196,503	844,701
5,162 81,434	388,869	5,162 470,303
10,813	20,529	31,342
5,736,218	692,838	6,429,056
1,233,974	3,250,404	4,484,378
28,253,328	55,855,751	84,109,079
\$ 29,487,302	\$ 59,106,155	\$ 88,593,457
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Town of Wellington Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2018

	(General		Street	Park	nservation Trust onmajor)	Gc	Total overnmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and	\$	3,698,586	\$	1,200,146	\$ 1,811,437	\$ 559,442	\$	7,269,611
cash equivalents		841,655				-		841,655
Cash with fiscal agent		-		56,903	9,364	-		66,267
Investments		259,442		-	-	~		259,442
Receivables		1,365,890		15,898	89,519	-		1,471,307
Due from other funds		420,000		•	-	-		420,000
Prepaid items		20,571		_	 -			20,571
Totals assets	\$	6,606,144	\$	1,272,947	\$ 1,910,320	\$ 559,442	\$	10,348,853
Liabilities, deferred inflows of Liabilities	resc	ources and	fur	d balances				
Accounts payable	\$	474,379	\$	36,778	\$ 8,033	\$ -	\$	519,190
Accrued wages payable		12,060		5,975	 10,010	 -		28,045
Total liabilities		486,439		42,753	18,043	-		547,235
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unearned revenue - property								
taxes		1,113,035		-		-		1,113,035
Total deferred inflows of								
resources		1,113,035		-	 -	 -		1,113,035
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		20,571		-	-	-		20,571
Restricted		196,870			-	559,442		756,312
Committed		54,656		-	-	-		54,656
Assigned		-		1,230,194	1,892,277	-		3,122,471
Unassigned		4,734,573		•	 •	 -		4,734,573
Total fund balances		5,006,670		1,230,194	1,892,277	559,442		8,688,583
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and		-						
fund balances	\$	6,606,144	\$	1,272,947	\$ 1,910,320	\$ 559,442	\$	10,348,853

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet with the Government-wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 8,688,583

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental fund financial statements.

Capital assets
Accumulated depreciation

\$ 38,937,918 (16,304,984)

22,632,934

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:

Loan payable Accrued interest payable Accrued compensated absences \$ (1,738,031)

(3,346) (92,838)

(1,834,215)

Total net position - governmental activities

\$ 29,487,302

Town of Wellington Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2018

				Conservation	Total
				Trust Fund	Governmental
	General	Street	Park	(Nonmajor)	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes and impact fees	\$ 2,737,517	\$ 1,578,969	\$ 1,322,323	\$ -	\$ 5,638,809
Licenses and permits	497,615	27,600	-	-	525,215
Intergovernmental	4,662	-	-	84,648	89,310
Charges for services	190,556	-	96,272	-	286,828
Fines and forfeitures	14,580		-	-	14,580
Earnings on investments	69,373	3,654	7,671	736	81,434
Miscellaneous	6,895	2,582	1,336	-	10,813
Total revenues	3,521,198	1,612,805	1,427,602	85,384	6,646,989
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	662,052	_	-	-	662,052
Public safety	1,776,870	-	-	-	1,776,870
Public works	131,179	579,409	-	-	710,588
Parks and recreation	69,480	-	841,493	-	910,973
Economic development	80,575	-	-	-	80,575
Library	178,472	-	-	•	178,472
Small equipment	34,405	65,809	6,303	-	106,517
Capital outlay	12,261	410,019	61,379	•	483,659
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	-	207,358	~	207,358
Interest	-	-	39,648	-	39,648
Total expenditures	2,945,294	1,055,237	1,156,181	-	5,156,712
Excess of revenues over					
expenditures	575,904	557,568	271,421	85,384	1,490,277
Fund balances at beginning of			•		
year	4,430,766	672,626	1,620,856	474,058	7,198,306
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,006,670	\$ 1,230,194	\$ 1,892,277	\$ 559,442	\$ 8,688,583

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances with the Government-wide Statement of Activities

Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Total net change in fund balance - governmental funds

5 1,490,277

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay during the year.

Capital outlay
Depreciation expense

\$ 483,659 (933,569)

(449,910)

Repayment of loan payable obligations are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are reductions in long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and do not affect the statement of activities.

207,358

Decrease in interest payable is reflected against expense in the statement of activities and not reflected as an expenditure in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

399

Increase in accrued compensated absences liability is reflected as an expense on the statement of activities and not reflected as an expenditure on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

(14,150)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,233,974

Town of Wellington Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2018

				Storm	
•		Water	Sewer	Drainage	Total
Assets					
Current assets					
Equity in pooled cash and					
cash equivalents	\$	17,805,936	\$ 8,707,893	\$ 1,189,501	\$ 27,703,330
Receivables		234,235	145,836	64,614	444,685
Inventory		55,059	12,927	-	67,986
Total current assets		18,095,230	8,866,656	1,254,115	28,216,001
Noncurrent assets					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		555,734	350,000	-	905,734
Capital assets:		·			
Land		36,130	83,103	-	119,233
Water rights		733,346	-	-	733,346
Construction in progress		1,684,524	29,133	-	1,713,657
Utilities systems		22,866,740	19,687,822	3,294,642	45,849,204
Equipment		575,084	561,137	14,328	1,150,549
Less accumulated depreciation		(9,012,756)	 (5,103,384)	 (377,570)	 (14,493,710)
Total capital assets - net		16,883,068	 15,257,811	2,931,400	35,072,279
Total noncurrent assets		17,438,802	15,607,811	 2,931,400	 35,978,013
Total assets		35,534,032	24,474,467	4,185,515	64,194,014
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable		154,444	8,818	438,521	601,783
Accrued wages payable		15,030	13,101	1,384	29,515
Due to other funds		-	-	420,000	420,000
Current portion of long-term debt		134,960	 392,086	 -	 527,046
Total current liabilities		304,434	414,005	859,905	1,578,344
Noncurrent liabilities					
Long-term debt		485,045	2,932,922	-	3,417,967
Total noncurrent liabilities		485,045	 2,932,922	 -	 3,417,967
Total liabilities		789,479	3,346,927	859,905	4,996,311
Deferred inflows of resources	***************************************				
Unearned revenue - property taxes		91,548	-	-	91,548
Total deferred inflows of resources		91,548	-	-	 91,548
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets		16,263,063	11,932,803	2,931,400	31,127,266
Restricted for rate stabilization		-	350,000	-	350,000
Restricted for maintenance		555,734	-	-	555,734
Unrestricted		17,834,208	8,844,737	394,210	27,073,155
Total net position	\$	34,653,005	\$ 	\$ 3,325,610	\$

Town of Wellington Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2018

·			Storm	
	Water	Sewer	Drainage	Totals
Operating revenues				
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,013,473 3,642	\$ 1,292,735	\$ 560,745 -	\$ 3,866,953 3,642
Total operating revenues	2,017,115	1,292,735	560,745	3,870,595
Operating expenses				
Administrative Operating Small equipment	321,480 1,862,957 183,618	223,062 599,769 18,514	480,786 31,785 4,175	1,025,328 2,494,511 206,307
Depreciation	 657,642	454,674	111,021	1,223,337
Total operating expenses	 3,025,697	 1,296,019	 627,767	4,949,483
Operating income (loss)	(1,008,582)	(3,284)	(67,022)	(1,078,888)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Property taxes and impact fees Earnings on investments Interest expense Other non-operating revenue	86,937 270,200 (27,750) 5,000	- 105,005 (71,813) 15,529	196,503 13,664 -	283,440 388,869 (99,563) 20,529
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	334,387	48,721	210,167	593,275
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions Capital contributions	(674,195) 2,798,517	 45,437 937,500	 143,145	(485,613) 3,736,017
Changes in net position	 2,124,322	 982,937	 143,145	3,250,404
Net position at beginning of year	32,528,683	20,144,603	3,182,465	55,855,751
Net position at end of year	\$ 34,653,005	\$ 21,127,540	\$ 3,325,610	\$ 59,106,155

Town of Wellington Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2018

						Storm		
		Water		Sewer		Drainage		Total
Cash flows from operating activities								
Cash received from customers	\$	2,020,073	\$	1,290,336	\$	554,854	\$	3,865,263
Cash payments to suppliers		(1,811,385)		(362,081)		(498,570)		(2,672,036)
Cash payments to employees		(660,374)		(502,366)		(53,089)		(1,215,829)
Net cash flows from operating activities		(451,686)		425,889		3,195		(22,602)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities								
Property taxes		91,502		-		17,126		108,628
Impact fees		-		-		179,377		179,377
Other non-operating revenue		5,000		15,529		-		20,529
Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities		96,502		15,529		196,503		308,534
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Capital contributions		2,798,517		937,500		-		3,736,017
Acquisitions of capital assets		(1,611,961)		(47,671)		-		(1,659,632)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(129,630)		(381,252)		-		(510,882)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(31,523)		(124,180)		_		(155,703)
Net cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities		1,025,403		384,397		*		1,409,800
Cash flows from investing activities								
Earnings on investments		270,200		105,005		13,664		388,869
Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents		(146,994)		-		-		(146,994)
Net cash flows from investing activities		123,206		105,005		13,664		241,875
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		793,425		930,820		213,362		1,937,607
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		17,012,511		7,777,073		976,139		25,765,723
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	17,805,936	\$	8,707,893	\$	1,189,501	\$	27,703,330
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash								
flows from operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,008,582)	\$	(3,284)	\$	(67,022)	\$	(1,078,888)
Adjustments to reconcile operating								
income (loss) to net cash flows from								
operating activities:								
Depreciation		657,642		454,674		111,021		1,223,337
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		057,042		454,074		111,021		1,223,337
3 , 3		2.050		(2.200)		(E 904)		/E 222)
Receivables		2,958 6,271		(2,399) (10,821)		(5,891)		(5,332) (4,550)
Inventory Accounts payable		(114,034)		(10,621)		(35,412)		(166,638)
Accounts payable Accrued wages payable		4,059		4,911		(33,412)		9,469
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(451,686)	Ś	425,889	Ś	3,195	\$	(22,602)
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:		(- 1,000)	-	,	,	-,	-	,,,/
Capital assets acquired through accounts payable	\$	(135,009)	ċ		\$		\$	(135,009)
Capital assets acquired through accounts payable	ڔ	(133,009)	Ç	-	Ç	-	۲	(133,007)
in prior year	\$	104,343	5	-	\$	-	\$	104,343
in prior year	· ·	101,515	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			101,010

Town of Wellington Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund

December 31, 2018

	Lit	orary Trust
Assets		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents, restricted Investments	\$	97,903 300,602
Total assets		398,505
Liabilities Unearned revenue		-
Total liabilities		-
Net position	\$	398,505

Town of Wellington Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Library Trust
Additions	
Library impact fees	\$ 39,000
Grants and contributions	4,500
Total additions	43,500
Deductions	
Library expenditures	4,478
Total deductions	4,478
Change in net position	39,022
Net position at beginning of year	359,483
Net position at end of year	\$ 398,505

December 31, 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Form of Organization

The Town of Wellington, Colorado (the "Town") was founded on November 10, 1905 as a statutory town. The Town's major operations include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, economic development, and the library.

The financial statements of the Town have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

As defined by GAAP established by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units, which are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's governing board and either a) the ability to impose its will by the primary government, or b) there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government; or
- 2) Fiscal dependency on the primary government and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has (1) a separately elected governing board, (2) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (3) a jointly appointed board.

Based on the above criteria, there are no other organizations that would be considered component units of the Town.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements report detailed information about the Town. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

December 31, 2018

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus, whereby only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included in the balance sheet, and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances present increases and decreases in those components. These funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recognized when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and earnings on investments associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and so, have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Because governmental fund statements are presented using a measurement focus and basis of accounting different from that used in the government-wide statements, reconciliations are presented that briefly explains the adjustments necessary to reconcile to ending net position and the change in net position.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions, ("GASB No. 33") the corresponding assets (receivables) in non-exchange transactions are recognized in the period in which the underlying exchange occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, when all eligibility requirements have been met, or when resources are received, depending on the revenue source. Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied in December, payable in the following year in full by April 30, or in two equal installments due on the last day of February and June 15.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities. The following are the Town's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street Fund - The Street Fund, a special revenue fund, is considered a major fund of the Town. Revenues in the Street Fund consist of motor vehicle ownership taxes, motor vehicle registration taxes and highway user taxes. In addition, this fund accounts for impact fees relating to new construction from building permits. Amounts collected are disbursed for the maintenance of the Town's streets and alleys.

December 31, 2018

Park Fund - The Park Fund, a special revenue fund, is considered a major fund of the Town. Revenues in the Park Fund consist of sales taxes, use taxes, motor vehicle use taxes, and open space sales taxes. In addition, this fund accounts for impact fees relating to new construction from building permits. Amounts collected are disbursed for the maintenance of the Town's parks and open space.

The other governmental fund (nonmajor fund) is a special revenue fund (Conservation Trust) and has been established to account for revenues from the Colorado Conservation Trust Fund which are required to be used to fund park and recreation services.

Proprietary funds, which include enterprise funds, are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. Revenues and expenses are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned or incurred, and they become measurable. Net position is segregated into amounts invested in capital assets, restricted for debt service and rate stabilization loan reserves, and unrestricted. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The Town's major enterprise funds include the Water, Sewer, and Storm Drainage funds.

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Town under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Town's own programs. The Town has one private-purpose trust fund, the Library Trust Fund, which accounts for library impact fees and grants and disburses funds for the benefit of the Town's library. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Budgets

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- By October 15, the Town Administrator submits to the Town Board of Trustees, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them;
- A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments;
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution;
- Any budget revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees through passage of a formal resolution;

December 31, 2018

- The Town legally adopts budgets for all of the funds. Budgets for the general, special revenue and fiduciary funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgetary comparisons for the enterprise funds are presented on a non-GAAP budgetary basis, where payments for capital assets and principal amounts of debt are treated as expenditures, bond proceeds are treated as revenues, and depreciation is not budgeted;
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Town Board of Trustees. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

The following table summarizes the individual fund budgeted expenditures, as originally adopted, and as revised:

	Original Budget	Total Revisions	Final Budget
Governmental funds:			
General fund	\$ 3,503,308	\$ -	\$ 3,503,308
Special revenue funds:			
Street fund	1,408,846	60,000	1,468,846
Park fund	1,946,439	-	1,946,439
Conservation trust fund	100,000		100,000
Business type funds:			
Water fund	3,349,804	1,629,882	4,979,686
Sewer fund	1,928,082	-	1,928,082
Storm drainage fund	650,479	-	650,479
Fiduciary fund type:			
Library trust fund	17,000	*	17,000
Total funds	\$ 12,903,958	\$ 1,689,882	\$ 14,593,840

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Town is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the Town's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements. The Town considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, including deposits in a pooled investment fund, to be cash equivalents. Short-term investments, consisting of funds invested in a local government investment pool (Note 2) are considered to be cash equivalents and are measured at net asset value, which approximates fair value. Overdrawn balances in pooled cash accounts are treated by the Town as interfund liabilities, payable to the fund deemed to have made the loan.

Restricted Cash

The amounts restricted in the Water and Sewer funds are in compliance with the operation and maintenance reserve and rate stabilization requirements of the loans from the Colorado Water Resource and Power Development Authority.

December 31, 2018

Investments

Investments, consisting of funds invested in certificates of deposit, are measured at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

Revenue Recognition/Property Taxes

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied in December, payable in the following year in full by April 30, or in two equal installments due on the last day of February and June 15. The county treasurer bills and collects property taxes for all taxing entities within the county. Property tax receipts collected by the county treasurer each month are remitted to the Town by the tenth day of the subsequent month. Property tax revenues are recognized in the government-wide financial statements in the year that the property taxes are used to fund the operations of the Town.

In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recognized in the year for which levied provided they become available and measurable. Utility service revenue is recognized when the service is provided.

Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables, if any, are classified as internal balances on the government-wide statement of net position and classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet.

Inventories

Inventories, consisting primarily of chemicals used in the treatment process of the Water and Sewer funds, have been valued at cost on a first-in first-out basis. The consumption method is used to account for inventories. Inventory costs are recorded as expenditures or expenses when individual inventory items are consumed.

Bond Premium and Debt Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method as principal is paid. Debt issuance costs are recognized during the period of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums during the period of issuance. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on the debt issuance are reported as other finance sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service.

December 31, 2018

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (i.e., streets and roads, bridges, water lines, storm-water drainage, traffic signals, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the assets estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense is reflected as an operating expense in the government-wide statement of activities. Estimated useful lives for asset types are as follows:

Description	Governmental	Business-Type
Land and water rights	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements	10-40 years	N/A
Improvements other than buildings	5-50 years	N/A
Streets and improvements	20-40 years	N/A
Machinery and equipment	5-20 years	5 years
Utilities systems	N/A	50 years

Compensated Absences

The Town reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, ("GASB No. 16"). Personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services rendered and it is probable that the Town will compensate the employees for the benefits earned. Upon termination of employment from the Town, an employee will be compensated for all accrued vacation and compensatory time at their current rate of pay. There is no payment for sick leave upon termination.

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation pay that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported on the government-wide financial statements. The Town has recorded a liability of \$92,838 at December 31, 2018.

On the governmental fund financial statements, where applicable, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using current available resources. At December 31, 2018, there is no accrual in the fund financial statements.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources.

December 31, 2018

However, claims and judgments and the noncurrent portion of long-term liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within 60 days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Capital lease obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Fund Balance and Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted Net Position - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category represents the net position, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose. A deficit will require future funding.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation, or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). The Board is the highest level of decision making authority for the Town. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The Board has the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - represents the net position of the Town, which is not restricted for any project or other purpose. A deficit will require future funding.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the Town considers restricted resources to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

December 31, 2018

As of December 31, 2018, fund balances are composed of the following:

	Ger	neral Fund	St	reet Fund	j	Park Fund	nservation rust Fund	Gc	Total overnmental
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items	\$	20,571	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	20,571
Restricted:		104 070							407.070
Emergencies Parks and open space		196,870		-		-	- 559,442		196,870 559,442
Committed:									
Cemetery operations		54,656		-		-	-		54,656
Assigned:									
Capital projects Subsequent year's		-		741,793		1,021,662	-		1,763,455
expenditures		-		488,401		870,615			1,359,016
Unassigned		4,734,573	a	-		-	 -	***********	4,734,573
Total fund balances	\$	5,006,670	\$	1,230,194	\$	1,892,277	\$ 559,442	\$	8,688,583

Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Investments

Deposits

Colorado state statutes govern the entity's deposits of cash. For deposits in excess of federally insured limits, Colorado Revised Statutes require the depository institution to maintain collateral on deposit with an official custodian (as authorized by the State Banking Board). The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposit.

December 31, 2018

PDPA requires the eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") to create a single institutional collateral pool of obligations of the State of Colorado or local Colorado governments and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the State. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the assets in the pool must be at least 102% of the uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2018, the Town had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying amount (book balance) of \$10,300,100. The bank balances with the financial institutions were \$11,553,595, which of this amount, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, with the excess in 2018 covered by PDPA.

Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, held by the Town at December 31, 2018 were as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 5,925
Cash with county treasurer and clerk	66,267
Cash deposits	21,114,843
Local government investment pool	15,697,465
Total	\$ 36,884,500
Cash and cash equivalents, by statement, are as follows:	
Statement of net position:	Ć 7 225 979
Statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,335,878
Statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	28,544,985
Statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	
Statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	28,544,985
Statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	28,544,985

Investments

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which the Town may invest, which include:

- Certificates of deposit with an original maturity in excess of three months
- Certain obligations of the United States and U.S. Government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Banker's acceptance of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

The Town's policy is to hold investments until maturity.

December 31, 2018

The Town categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

At December 31, 2018, assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis have been categorized into the hierarchy as follows:

•	Ass	sets	at F	air Value as	of I	December	31	, 20	18
	Level 1			Level 2		Level 3			Total
Certificates of deposit	\$	-	\$	259,442	\$		_	\$	259,442
Total	\$	-	\$	259,442	\$		-	\$	259,442

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a counter party, the Town would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2018, the Town had no investments exposed to custodial credit risk outside of its investment in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the "Trust"), discussed below.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less from the date of purchase. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Local Government Investment Pools

At December 31, 2018, the Town had invested \$26,512,208 in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the "Trust"), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commission administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. COLOTRUST PRIME invests only in U.S. Treasury and government agencies. COLOTRUST PLUS+ can invest in U.S. Treasury, government agencies, and in the highest-rate commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as a safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. The Trust is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and is measured at net asset value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

December 31, 2018

3. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

Types	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Taxes	\$ 1,197,752	\$ 91,548	\$ 1,289,300
Trade accounts	-	353,137	353,137
Intergovernmental	101,814	-	101,814
Other	171,741	-	171,741
Total	\$ 1,471,307	\$ 444,685	\$ 1,915,992

4. Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers

The Town's interfund receivables and payables represent short-term receivables and payables. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. At December 31, 2018, the Storm Drainage Fund owed the General Fund \$420,000.

Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, or to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. There were no transfers made during the year ended December 31, 2018.

December 31, 2018

5. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land and water rights		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,511,398
Construction in progress	142,883	4,951	-	147,834
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,654,281	4,951	-	1,659,232
Capital assets, being depreciated:	•			
Buildings and improvements	988,822	9,007	•	997,829
Improvements other than buildings	12,574,625	3,254	-	12,577,879
Streets and improvements	21,861,439	466,447	-	22,327,886
Machinery and equipment	1,375,092	~	-	1,375,092
Total capital assets, being depreciated	36,799,978	478,708	-	37,278,686
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(724,488)	(22,606)	-	(747,094)
Improvements other than buildings	(3,439,630)	(10,053)	-	(3,449,683)
Streets and improvements	(10,099,654)	(887,792)	-	(10,987,446)
Machinery and equipment	(1,107,643)	(13,118)		(1,120,761)
Total accumulated depreciated	(15,371,415)	(933,569)	-	(16,304,984)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	21,428,563	(454,861)	-	20,973,702
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 23,082,844	\$ (449,910)	\$ -	\$ 22,632,934

Depreciation expense for governmental activities has been allocated to various activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 42,909
Public works	887,792
Parks and recreation	1,219
Library	1,649
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 933,569

December 31, 2018

A summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018, is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Business-type activities:				
Land and water rights	\$ 542,979	\$ 309,600	\$ - \$	852,579
Construction in progress	427,015	1,327,736	(41,094)	1,713,657
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	969,994	1,637,336	(41,094)	2,566,236
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Utilities systems	45,827,471	21,733	- .	45,849,204
Machinery and equipment	1,078,226	72,323	-	1,150,549
Total capital assets, being depreciated	46,905,697	94,056	-	46,999,753
Less accumulated depreciation	(13,270,373)	(1,223,337)	-	(14,493,710)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	33,635,324	.(1,129,281)	-	32,506,043
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 34,605,318	\$ 508,055	\$ (41,094) \$	35,072,279

Depreciation expense for business-type activities has been allocated to various activities as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 657,642
Sewer	454,674
Storm drainage	111,021
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,223,337

December 31, 2018

6. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

In 2014, the Town borrowed \$2,400,000 from First National Bank, with monthly principal and interest payments beginning in 2016 and maturing in 2029. The loan requires monthly payments of \$22,455 principal and interest, fixed at 2.31%. The Park Fund is required to maintain a coverage amount of 125% of principal and interest. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Town met the coverage amount.

Business-Type Activities

In September 2014 the Town entered into a 20 year general obligation sewer bond in the amount of \$2,400,000, due in 2024. The special revenue bond has variable interest rate, not to exceed 4%, and escalating principal payments.

In 2002, the Town entered into a loan payabale with the Colorado Water Resource and Power Development Authority ("CWRPDA"). The 20 year note requires varying semi-annual principal and interest payments at 3.71%, payments through August 1, 2022. The loan is a special revenue obligation of the Sewer Fund payable from sewer rates, fees, standby charges, and charges from the use and operation of the system and from such other funds legally available after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system.

In 2001, the Town entered into a loan payable with CWRPDA requiring semi-annual payments of \$36,747 principal and interest, at 4.0% through May 1, 2022. The loan is a special revenue obligation of the Water Fund payable from water rates, fees, standby charges, and charges from the use and operation of the system and from such other funds legally available after the payment of operation and maintenance expenses of the system.

During 1984, the Town entered into a general obligation water bond in the amount of \$500,000. Bond is due in escalating installments and matures on December 1, 2023. Interest is fixed at 5%.

During 1982, the Town entered into a loan agreement with Colorado Water Conservation Board ("CWCB") requiring annual payments of \$57,593 principal and interest at 4.0% through December 1, 2023. Revenues of the Town are pledged in an amount sufficient to pay the annual amounts due under the loan contract.

December 31, 2018

Following is a summary of the debt transactions for the year ended December 31, 2018:

	Beginning Balance	Д	dditions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Due With One Yea	
Governmental Activities				50.5.1			
2014 First National Bank loan	\$ 1,945,389	\$	-	\$ (207,358)	\$ 1,738,031	\$ 231,22	28
Accrued compensated absences	78,688		108,248	(94,098)	 92,838		
Total	\$ 2,024,077	\$	108,248	\$ (301,456)	\$ 1,830,869	\$ 231,22	28
Business-Type Activities							
1984 general obligation water bond	\$ 149,000	\$	-	\$ (22,000)	\$ 127,000	\$ 23,00	00
1982 Colorado Water Conservation							
Board loan	301,915		-	(45,518)	256,397	47,33	39
2001 Colorado Water Resource and							
Power Development Authority loan	299,940		-	(62,112)	237,828	64,62	20
2002 Colorado Water Resource and							
Power Development Authority loan	1,511,260		-	(276,252)	1,235,008	287,08	36
2014 general obligation sewer bond	2,195,000		-	(105,000)	2,090,000	105,00	00
Total .	\$ 4,457,115	\$	-	\$ (510,882)	3,946,233	\$ 527,04	45
Current portion of long-term debt					(527,045)		
Discount on long-term debt					(1,220)		
Non-current portion of long-term liability	ties				\$ 3,417,968		

The following table represents future debt service requirements as of December 31, 2018:

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				
Year		Principal Interest		Principal		Interest		Total	
2019	\$	231,228	\$	38,232	\$	527,045	\$	131,222	\$ 927,727
2020		236,607		32,853		543,383		114,734	927,577
2021		242,304		27,156		570,318		98,103	937,881
2022		248,040		21,420		562,109		80,386	911,955
2023		253,912		15,548		198,378		63,695	531,533
2024-2028		525,940		12,952		630,000		245,743	1,414,635
2029-2033		-		-		750,000		123,710	873,710
2034		-		-		165,000		6,600	 171,600
	. \$	1,738,031	\$	148,161	\$	3,946,233	\$	864,193	\$ 6,696,618

December 31, 2018

7. Rate Maintenance

Water Fund

Pursuant to the 2001 CWRPDA loan agreement, the Town shall establish, levy, and collect rents, rates, and other charges for the products and services provided by the Town's water system (the "Water System") in an amount sufficient to: (1) meet the operation and maintenance expenses of the Water System, (2) comply with all covenants in the loan resolution, and (3) pay at least 110% of the debt service on all indebtedness or at least 110% of all such debt if connection fees are included as a source of payment.

The following calculation shows the Town has complied with the rate maintenance provision of this loan agreement.

Operating revenues Connection fees		2,017,115 2,798,517	
Subtotal	***************************************	4,815,632	
Operation and maintenance expenses (not including depreciation)	2	2,359,138	
Net revenue as defined in loan agreement			\$ 2,456,494
2018 principal due	\$	62,112	
2018 interest due		11,383	
		73,495	
		x110%	 80,845
Amount the current year revenues were in excess of the requirements			
of the CWRPDA loan agreement.			\$ 2,375,649

Per the loan agreement, the Town is required to either raise rates within 60 days after the end of the year to comply with the rate covenant or to hire an independent firm of accountants or consulting engineers to do a rate study within 120 days of year-end to recommend a rate increase to meet the loan covenant.

Sewer Fund

Pursuant to the 2002 CWRPDA loan agreement, the Town shall establish, levy, and collect rents, rates, and other charges for the products and services provided by the Town's sewer system (the "Sewer System") in an amount sufficient to: (1) meet the operation and maintenance expenses of the Sewer System, (2) comply with all covenants in the loan resolution, and (3) pay at least 110% of the debt service on all indebtedness or at least 110% of all such debt if connection fees are included as a source of payment.

December 31, 2018

The following calculation shows the Town has complied with the rate maintenance provision of this loan agreement.

Operating revenues	\$ 1,292,735	
Connection fees	 937,500	
Subtotal	2,230,235	
Operation and maintenance expenses (not including depreciation)	841,345	
Net revenue as defined in loan agreement		\$ 1,388,890
2018 principal due	\$ 276,252	
2018 interest due	 53,253	
	329,505	
	 x110%	362,456
Amount the current year revenues were in excess of the requirements		
of the CWRPDA loan agreement.		\$ 1,026,434

Per the loan agreement, the Town is required to either raise rates within 60 days after the end of the year to comply with the rate covenant or to hire an independent firm of accountants or consulting engineers to do a rate study within 120 days of year-end to recommend a rate increase to meet the loan covenant.

The Town Board approved resolution 1-2012 SE establishing a rate stabilization account in the Sewer Fund in conformity with the rate covenant provisions of the 2002 CWRPDA loan agreement. This resolution restricted \$350,000 specifically for debt service on the aforementioned CWRPDA loan, retroactive to December 31, 2011. This restriction, plus the calculation shown above, demonstrates the Town is in compliance with the requirements of the CWRPDA loan at December 31, 2018.

The CWRPDA loans in the Water and Sewer Funds require the Town to maintain an operations and maintenance reserve in an amount equal to three months of operations and maintenance expenses, excluding depreciation of the system, as set forth in the annual budget for the current fiscal year. The Town has restricted \$555,734 in the Water Fund and \$350,000 in the Sewer Fund to comply with the terms of these agreements.

Pursuant to the 2014 special revenue bond obligation agreement, the Town shall establish, maintain, enforce, and collect rates, fees, and charges for the services provided by the Town's wastewater system to create gross revenue each calendar year sufficient to pay operation and maintenance expenses and to create net revenue in an amount: (1) equal to not less than 120% of the amount necessary to pay when due the principal of and interest on the bonds and any parity lien bonds coming due during such calendar year; and (2) sufficient to make up any deficiencies in the reserve account. In the event that the gross revenue at any time is not sufficient to make such payments, the Town shall promptly increase such rates, fees, and charges to an extent which will ensure the payments and accumulations required by the ordinance.

December 31, 2018

The following calculation shows the Town has complied with the rate maintenance provision of this bond agreement.

Operating revenues Connection fees	\$	1,292,735 937,500	
Subtotal	***************************************	2,230,235	
Operation and maintenance expenses (not including depreciation)		841,345	
Net revenue as defined in loan agreement			\$ 1,388,890
2018 principal due	\$	105,000	
2018 interest due		70,928	
		175,928	
		x120%	 211,114
Amount the current year revenues were in excess of the requirements			
of the general bond obligation.			\$ 1,177,776

8. Contingencies

Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Town carries commercial insurance covering specific and general risks of loss, including worker's compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage.

9. Taxes, Spending and Debt Limitations

Tabor Amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters passed an amendment (the "Amendment" or "TABOR") to the State Constitution (Article X, Section 20) which limits the revenue raising and spending abilities of state and local governments. The limits on property taxes, revenue, and "fiscal year spending" include allowable annual increases tied to inflation and local growth in construction valuation. Fiscal year spending, as defined by the Amendment excludes spending from certain revenue and financing sources such as federal funds, gifts, property sales, fund transfers, damage awards, and fund reserve (balance). The Amendment requires voter approval for any increase in mill levy or tax rates, new taxes, or creation of multi-year debt. Revenue earned in excess of the "spending limit" must be refunded or approved to be retained by the Town under specified voting requirements by the entire electorate.

The Amendment also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. An emergency, as defined by the Amendment, excludes economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). The Town has restricted \$196,870 for this purpose.

December 31, 2018

On November 5, 1996, the voting citizens of the Town of Wellington authorized the Town (retroactive to January 1, 1995) to, without imposing any new taxes or increases in tax rates, retain all revenue from all sources in 1995 and subsequent years, and to spend the same as a voter-approved revenue change and as exception to limits which would otherwise apply for each of said years under Colorado Constitution Article X, Section 20, the taxpayer's bill of rights. This effectively removed all revenue and spending limits imposed by TABOR.

The Town believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions will require judicial interpretation.

10. Subsequent Events

Management of the Town has evaluated subsequent events through August 13, 2019, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. In May 2019, the Town issued State Revolving Revenue Bonds, 2019 Series A, totaling approximately \$24,021,000. There were no additional transactions or events that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements identified.

Required Supplementary Information

Town of Wellington Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Budget and Actual) - General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Budgeted	Amount	- 6	Åct	l	Fin	ance with
		riginal	Fir		- Act Amo			ositive egative)
Revenues		ngmat		iut	AITIO	arics	(11	cgucive)
Taxes	\$ 2	422 750	ć 2 4°	2 750	Ċ O.E.	17 (20	÷	444 (70
Franchise fees	<i>ې</i> ک	,432,750 166,700		32,750		17,420	\$	114,670
Licenses and permits				66,700		90,097		23,397
		529,325	34	29,325	45	7,615		(31,710)
Intergovernmental Charges for services		5,000		5,000	4.0	4,662		(338)
•		82,250		32,250		0,556		108,306
Fines and forfeitures		11,500		11,500		4,580		3,080
Earnings on investments		22,000		22,000	6	59,373		47,373
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000		6,895		(5,105)
Total revenues	3	,261,525	3,26	51,525	3,52	1,198		259,673
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government:								
Legislative		220,321	22	20,321	19	1,526		28,795
Judicial		22,500		2,500		9,602		2,898
Administrative		327,037		27,037		8,659		48,378
Planning and zoning		247,002		17,002		2,265		74,737
Public safety:		,		,		-,		,. = .
Police	1	,356,507	1.35	6,507	1.36	1,799		(5,292)
Protective inspections		449,375		19,375		5,071		34,304
Public works:		7		,		-,-, .		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Sanitation		20,250	2	20,250	1	4,702		5,548
Operating		49,263		19,263		5,655		(6,392)
Cemetery		22,500		2,500		2,462		20,038
General use buildings		66,750		6,750		8,360		8,390
Parks and recreation:		,	•	,		.0,000		0,070
Community activities		93,100	ç	3,100	6	9,480		23,620
Economic development		101,000		1,000		0,575		20,425
Library		179,203		9,203		8,472		731
Small equipment		40,500		0,500		4,405		6,095
Capital outlay		308,000		8,000		2,261		295,739
Total expenditures	3	,503,308	3,50	3,308	2,94	5,294		558,014
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(241,783)	(24	1,783)	57	5,904		817,687
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	•	17,000	1	7,000		-		(17,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,000		7,000		-	***************************************	(17,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(224,783)	\$ (22	4,783)	57	5,904	\$	800,687
Fund balance at beginning of year		······································			• 4,43	0,766		
Fund balance at end of year						6,670		
. and maidined at the or year					7 2,00	0,070		

Town of Wellington Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Budget and Actual) - Street and Park Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2018

•		Street Fund	. rund			Рагк	Park Fund		
				Variance with Final Budget				Variance with Final Budget	with dget
l	Budgeted Original	Budgeted Amounts riginal Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Budgeter	Budgeted Amounts iginal Final	- Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	ve (
Revenues	X								
Taxes	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 1,139,571	\$ 239,571	\$ 1,002,750	\$ 1,002,750	\$ 1,113,523	\$ 110	110,773
Impact fees	340,000	340,000		99,398					(61,200)
Licenses and permits	250	250	27,600	27,350					•
Charges for services	ı	•	1	ı	132,815	132,815	96,272	(36	(36,543)
Earnings on investments Miscellaneous	1,250	1,250	3,654	2,404	3,000	3,000	7,671	ν -	4,671
Total revenues	1,241,500	1,241,500	1,612,805	371,305	1,408,565	1,408,565	1,427,602	19	19,037
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works/Parks and recreation:	eation:								
Administrative	117,575	117,575	110,686	6,889	89,679	89,679	97,188	()	(7,509)
Operating	422,271	482,271	468,723	13,548	445,419	445,419	435,098	10	10,321
Recreation	•	í	1	1	331,856	331,856	309,207	22	22,649
Small equipment and other	125,500	125,500	62,809	59,691	205,469	205,469	6,303	199	199,166
Capital outlay	743,500	743,500	410,019	333,481	605,000	605,000	61,379	543	543,621
Debt Service	1	1	1	1	269,016	269,016	247,006	22	22,010
Total expenditures	1,408,846	1,468,846	1,055,237	413,609	1,946,439	1,946,439	1,156,181	06/	790,258
Deficiency of revenues over									
expenditures	(167,346)	(227,346)	557,568	784,914	(537,874)	(537,874)	271,421	808	809,295
Other financing sources									
Transfer In	i	ı		•	100,000	100,000	ı	(100	(100,000)
Total other financing sources	,	1	1	1	100,000	100,000		(100	(100,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (167,346)	\$ (227,346)	557,568	\$ 784,914	\$ (437,874)	\$ (437,874)	271,421	\$ 709	709,295
Fund balances at beginning of year	ır		672,626				1,620,856		
Fund halances at and of year			\$ 1.230.194				\$ 1,892,277		

Other Supplementary Information

Town of Wellington

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Budget and Actual) Conservation Trust Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	Ś	84,648	Ś	1 4 6 4 9
Intergovernmental Earnings on investments	<u>ې</u>	350	<u>ې</u>	350	٠ 	736	٠ 	14,648 386
Total revenues		70,350		70,350		85,384		15,034
Other financing uses								
Transfer Out		(100,000)		(100,000)		-		100,000
Total other financing uses		(100,000)		(100,000)		-		100,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	(29,650)	\$	(29,650)		85,384	\$	115,034
Fund balance at beginning of year						474,058		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	559,442	•	

Town of Wellington Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Water Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2018

	 Budgeted Original	l Ar	mounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Operating revenues						
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,057,000	\$	2,057,000	\$ 2,013,473 3,642	\$	(43,527) 3,642
Total operating revenues	2,057,000		2,057,000	2,017,115		(39,885)
Operating expenses						,
Administrative	511,919		511,919	321,480		190,439
Operating	1,711,020		2,159,586	1,862,957		296,629
Small equipment	 192,600		192,600	183,618		8,982
Total operating expenses	2,415,539		2,864,105	2,368,055		496,050
Operating income (loss)	(358,539)		(807,105)	(350,940)		456,165
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Property taxes	87,043		87,043	86,937		(106)
Capital contributions	3,900,000		3,900,000	2,798,517		(1,101,483)
Earnings on investments	90,000		90,000	270,200		180,200
Other non-operating revenue	-		-	5,000		5,000
Interest expense	(30,612)		(30,612)	(27,750)		2,862
Principal paid	(130,653)		(130,653)	(129,630)		1,023
Capital outlay	 (773,000)		(1,954,316)	(1,611,961)		342,355
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 3,142,778		1,961,462	1,391,313		(570,149)
Change in net position - budgetary basis	\$ 2,784,239	\$	1,154,357	 1,040,373	\$	(113,984)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis				'		
Depreciation				(657,642)		
Principal paid				129,630		
Capital outlay				1,611,961		
Change in net position - GAAP basis				2,124,322		
Net position at beginning of year	•			 32,528,683		
Net position at end of year			•	\$ 34,653,005		

Town of Wellington Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Sewer Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2018

Operating revenues	 Budgetec Original	l Ar	nounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Charges for services	\$ 1,400,000	\$	1,400,000	\$ 1,292,735	\$	(107,265)
Total operating revenues	1,400,000		1,400,000	1,292,735		(107,265)
Operating expenses Administrative Operating Small equipment	232,747 601,817 15,750		232,747 601,817 15,750	223,062 599,769 18,514		9,685 2,048 (2,764)
Total operating expenses	850,314		850,314	841,345		8,969
Operating income	 549,686		549,686	451,390	***************************************	(98,296)
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Capital contributions Earnings on investments Other nonoperating revenue Interest expense Principal paid Capital outlay	1,500,000 35,000 - (124,181) (381,252) (572,335)		1,500,000 35,000 - (124,181) (381,252) (572,335)	937,500 105,005 15,529 (71,813) (381,252) (47,671)		(562,500) 70,005 15,529 52,368 - 524,664
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 457,232		457,232	 557,298		100,066
Change in net position - budgetary basis	\$ 1,006,918	\$	1,006,918	1,008,688	\$	1,770
Reconciliation to GAAP basis Depreciation Principal paid Capital outlay Change in pet position GAAP basis				(454,674) 381,252 47,671		
Change in net position - GAAP basis			•	982,937		
Net position at beginning of year				 20,144,603		
Net position at end of year				\$ 21,127,540		

Town of Wellington Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Storm Drainage Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2018

	******************	Budgeted Original	i Am	nounts Final	-	Actual Amounts	Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive legative)
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$	540,000	\$	540,000	\$	560,745	\$	20,745
Total operating revenues	T	540,000		540,000		560,745	<u> </u>	20,745
Operating expenses Administrative Operating Small equipment		475,475 53,504 10,500		475,475 53,504 10,500		480,786 31,785 4,175		(5,311) 21,719 6,325
Total operating expenses		539,479		539,479		516,746		22,733
Operating loss		521		521		43,999		43,478
Non-operating revenues (expenses) Taxes Earnings on investments Impact fees Capital outlay		14,500 5,000 168,000 (111,000)		14,500 5,000 168,000 (111,000)		17,126 13,664 179,377		2,626 8,664 11,377 111,000
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		76,500		76,500		210,167		133,667
Change in net position - budgetary basis	\$	77,021	\$	77,021		254,166	\$	177,145
Reconciliation to GAAP basis Depreciation Change in net position - GAAP basis Net position at beginning of year Net position at end of year						(111,021) 143,145 3,182,465 3,325,610		

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-05)

STATE

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): 12/18

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments		a. Interest on investments	3,654
b. Other local imposts:		 b. Traffic Fines & Penalities 	
1. Sales Taxes	667,395	c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	439,398	d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	110,923	g. Other Misc. Receipts	30,182
6. Total (1. through 5.)	1,217,716	h. Other	
c. Total (a. + b.)	1,217,716	i. Total (a. through h.)	33,836
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	318,048	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	43,205	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify) CDOT Grant		f. Other Federal	
f. Total (a. through e.)	43,205	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	361,253	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to mage 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:		No.	
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs		0	. 0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities		0	0
(2). Capacity Improvements			
(3). System Preservation		381,654	381,654
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	381,654	381,654
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	381,654	381,654
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

County Road & Bridge Tax: Specific Ownership Tax:	35,619 75,304	Developer Road Fee Street Cut Permits: Misc. Revenue:	25,200 2,400 2,582
	110,923		30,182

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE